

# SHARJAH INDIAN SCHOOL, SHARJAH

Class: XI (Boy's Wing)

Subject: PHYSICS

Worksheet -6

## UNIT VI (GRAVITATION)

- Two satellites of masses  $m$  &  $2m$  are moving around the earth in circular orbits of same radius. Their time periods of revolution are in the ratio  
(a)1:1 (b)1:4 (c)2:1 (d)1:2
- When a planet moves around the sun,  
(a)angular speed remains constant (b)linear speed remains constant  
(c) angular momentum remains constant (d)linear momentum remains constant
- A body is taken from equator to the poles, its weight  
(a)remains the same (b)increases  
(c)decreases (d)increases at North pole & decreases at South pole
- The increase in gravitational potential energy of an object of mass  $m$  raised from the surface of Earth to a height equal to the radius  $R$  of Earth is  
(a) $mgR$  (b) $\frac{mgR}{2}$   
(c) $\frac{mgR}{3}$  (d) $\frac{mgR}{4}$
- The mass of a planet is 6 times that of Earth & radius twice that of Earth. If the escape velocity from Earth is  $v$ , then escape velocity from the planet is  
(a) $\sqrt{3}v$  (b) $\sqrt{2}v$  (c) $\sqrt{5}v$  (d)  $v$
- At what height above the surface of the Earth of radius  $R$  acceleration due to gravity becomes 1% of that on its surface.
- Find the ratio of acceleration due to gravity of two planets if their radii are in the ratio 1:2 & their  
(i)mass remains the same.  
(ii)material remains the same.